

served as a police officer, in the rank of 1st lieutenant and was assigned to the theft squad of the Budapest Police Headquarters. In 1946 respondent was admitted to the bar and started practice on his own in Budapest.

13. Parents: not living
14. No brothers or sisters
15. Children: one child from a second marriage age 5½ residing here with respondent in N.Y.
16. Left Hungary Nov. 24, 1956
17. Arrived in U.S. January 11, 1957
18. Since leaving Camp Kilmer respondent has been only in N.Y.
19. Has no immediate plans
20. Not interviewed
21. Respondent speaks French

Respondant is a middle-aged intellectual with an upper middle-class background. Lived extremely well under the Horthy regime and in the first years of the Communist regime. A victim of racial persecution during World War II and imprisoned by the Communists for five years. Even nevertheless, he is very homesick. Seems to be having great difficulty in adjusting himself to live here in the U.S. He is harassed by the language barrier and has no confidence of ever being able to overcome this. An intelligent person with very logical reasoning. Determined to get ahead in life and to compensate for the hardships and trials he has suffered. On the other hand, he is plagued by the uncertainty of his immediate future. Has a very thorough knowledge of Jewish problems in Hungary.

## THIS INTERVIEW CONDUCTED ACCORDING TO THE NEW QUESTIONNAIRE

Interviewer: M. Ivancho  
Date: May 1 & 2, 1957  
Place: N.Y.C.

## I. PERSONAL INVENTORY

1. Respondent's name: Code 43-M
2. Age: 45
3. Sex: male
4. Marital status: married
5. Religion: Jewish
6. Birthplace: Szecsenyovacs, Nogred County, Hungary
7. Spent most of his life in Budapest
8. At the outbreak of revolution, respondent lived in the 11th district of Budapest
9. In 1936 respondent spent a one month vacation in Prague, Czechoslovakia. In 1948 he was in Paris for 45 days, also on vacation.
10. He served in the Hungarian army for 8 months in 1935 attaining the rank of master sgt. In 1938 and 1939 he served in the army for six months with the same rank. In 1939 the anti-Jewish legislation in Hungary deprived him of his military rank and he served only in the auxiliary labor forces.
11. Education: Respondent graduated from a gymnasium in 1929. He studied law and acquired a doctorate in law at the Budapest University Law School in 1935.
12. Occupation: Before 1945 respondent was a lawyer's apprentice. After 1945 for one year respondent